Bridge Company for David Delmoute, of New-York, for NATIONAL CAPITAL TOPICS

THE COLORED CONVENTION.

PROFESSOR GREENER'S UNFAVORABLE OPINION UNCHANGED. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.-To a TRIBUNE correspondent to-day, respecting the convention of colored men which is to assemble in Louisville in a few days, Professor Greener, who has been somewhat conspicuous in his opposition to it, said: "Thus far only eight States have chosen delegates. South Carolina has elected twenty-five delegates, one of whom is Thomas Hamilton, the black Democrat, whose recent defence of the Demo cratic party was published in all the Democratic papers. cratic party was published in an table 'independent' I am rather inclined to think that the 'independent' convention. The sixth resolution embodied in the call invitation to Democrate as well as to Republicans. Is is on the eve of a political revolution and it behooves us, as a race, to make our interests paramount to those of any parcy or sect. It is our duty to unite and strike out some bold political line of action which will bring us nearer to the estate of full citizenessip and power when this great revolution is over.' Think of a colored convention meeting a year before either political party has put a candidate in the field, as though the negro could dictate terms. There is not a man among the office-holders who signed that call who would dare to father

"If Fortune, Purvis or Still had signed such a resolu-tion nobody would wonder, but that persistent, constitutional office nolders should sign it, means one of two things. It was a bait thrown out to catch Fortune and company or else it was a notice to Arthur and his Administration of a political strike—a kind of Mumbe-Jumbo game. The Convention men are now between the horns of a dilemma, and likely to be tossed. The 'independent' colored men see their opportunity. They will go to the convention and from present

will go to the convention and from present appearances they will control it. Mr. Dougiavis in the worst box or all. He cannot indores the action of an independent Democratic Convention without going back on his Republican record. It the convention indores President Artnur or even the Republican party, it will antagonize the ablest men who will be present-such men as Peter Clark, Fortune, Parvis, Sall, Ibomas Hamilton, Briscoe and Firzung. The whole convention business will be a severe leason to those gendemen of the Republican party who think the colored voteis of this country are still controlled by a few chronic office-holders—back or walte—who pull the strings while the black voters dance.

"Matters have already become so complicated that I do not believe air. Dougiass will attend the convention at all. Indeed, his right to do so as a delegate is contested by Mr. Cuney, who, has friends claim, was fairly elected. The convention will probably be a fazze, although it may turn out a farce. At any rate it promises to be conspicuous for the absence of influential colored forbuthleans. They say I am opposed to seven as are manipulates by accomers and conferences of those as are manipulated by accomers and conferences of men of weight and character, thougantly for the future, and ready to do their share toward making our race, grateful or what has been done, nepetul for the future, and ready to de their share toward making our race worthy of enfranchisement. We need conferences to test our rights to the privileges of common travellers, and our winte friends in the arisings worky of solving the and ready to do their man. We used conferences worthy of enfranchisement. We used conferences we test our rights to the privileges of common travellers, to aid our winte friends in the anthous work of solving the concentional problem—the hope of the Republic. We need a conference, a convention, to teach us negroes be more rejoiced in being American cinzens than in priding ourselves upon being black. In short, we need a common sense convention."

THE ATLANTA POSTMASTERSHIP. MR. CONLEY APPLIES FOR INFORMATION ABOUT HIS REMOVAL AND GETS IT. [BY PELEGRAPH TO THA TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Sept. 6 .- The recent removal rom office of Postmuster Conley, of Atlanta, appears to have caused excitement among the Georgia politicians of ooth parties. The Democrats are trying hard to make striving with equal zeal to show that he is a much injured man. His son, who edits a newspaper at Atlasta. is especially violent in his denunciations of the Postmas-ter General. Mr. Conley himself has written a sharp

To that letter General Gresham yesterday replied as follows : "I had convincing evidence that you not only

TWO FOUNG LADIES DROWNED.

THE FOREST FIRES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Cadet Mode et estimate that was described and not altack and as the possible for enough more than the fewent of war the Americana, Germans, Japanese, and even the Chinese themselves would secure more of the foreign and coasting trade in the Earl than the French.

TWO FOUNG LADIES DROWNED.

TWO FOUNG LADIES DROWNED.

ONE OF THEM LOSES HER LIFE WHILE TRYING TO BAVE HER DROWNING COMPANION.

INTELEORAPH TO THE TRIBUSE.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 6.—Miss Carrie Waidmayer, age nante-n, and Miss Amelia Weaver, age twenty-one, both of Palladelphia, were in this city yesterday on a visit to Zeobastian Zimmerman. They were accompanied in shallow water. Miss Waidmayer stepped into a deep pit and was drowned, and Miss Weaver lost her, life trying to save ner companion. They were accompanion by Miss Martin Nieder, of Brooklyn. Their bodies have been recovered and sent to Philadelphia.

FOREST FIRES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

UNDER THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW. JUDGE THOMAN'S VISIT TO THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 .- Judge Thoman, of the Civil Service Commission, has returned to this etty from a visit to the Pacific slope, whither he went to conduct the examinations of candidates under the law. In San Francisco there were three excellent classes. Out of forty-eight applicants for positions in the custon vice forty-two passed a successful examination, with a general average exceeding eighty-six-a high stands In an examination for candidates for positions in the Post Office there were forty-six candidates, thirty-eight of whom passed the examination. From the register of "eligibles," as the successful candidates are termed, four appointments have been made to customs service and live appointments to the postal service. All of these appointments were made in the order in which the appointments were made in the order in which the "eligibles" ranked in the examinations with one exception, where the person having the highest average refused the appointment. Another joint examination resulted in the addition of the names of twenty eight persons to the list of candidates for positions in the customs service and sixteen names to the posts list. Judget Thoman is much pleased with the results of his visit. He says that he was carrestly supported in his efforts to establish the system by the local officials, and that practical Civil Service is now an accomplished fact.

No requisition has yet been made on the Civil Service Commission to fill the \$900 vacancy in the Sixth Anditor's office of the Treasury Department, created by recent promotions in that office. Nothing will be done in the matter until the return of the Secretary. Miss Hoyt, the first clerk appointed under the new Civil Service rules, in the Treasury Department, has reparted and been assigned to duty in the Redemption Bureau. of whom passed the examination. From the regi

COINS FOR THE HAWAHAN GOVERNMENT. WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—There has been re-ceived at the oilice of the Director of the Mint speciments of the new silver coins ordered by the Hawaiian Government. They are in denominations of \$1, one-half dollar, one-quarter dollar, and one-eighth of a dollar. All but the last correspond in weight and finences to the United States coins of like denominations. The one-eighth cein is equivalent in weight and flueness to one-half of the United States quarter dollar. All the coins contain co the obverse side a representation of the head of King Kalakana with the inscription "Kalakana I, King of Hawan," and the date "1883." On the reverse is the Hawait," and the date "1883." On the reverse is the Hawaitan coat of arms, an inscription in the Hawaitan language and a designation of the value of the coin in English and Hawaitan. The designs for the coins were made by the engraver at the Philadelphia Mint, but the coins will be struck at San Francisco. A drawing of the design has already been accepted by the Hawaitan agent at San Francisco and the specimens are to be forwarded to him, and if accepted the work of coinage will be at once begun.

once begun.

There are to be struck off \$500,000 worth of 1 dollar places, \$300,000 worth of halves, \$125,000 worth of quarters and \$75,000 worth of eighths. The Hawaiiad Government will supply the builion and will be charged with the cost of the designs and dies, the labor of collaring, the cost of machinery, and all the other expenses of collarge.

THE TWO-CENT POSTAGE STAMP. WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 .- Metallic red is the

washington. Sept. 6.—Metalife for is the color of the new two-cent stamps that go into circulation on October 1. The contractors are now fully stocked, and awar requisitions from the Post Office Department. The distribution will be made from New-York, beginning on September 15, and a sufficient number of the new stamps will be placed in the hands of postmasters to stamps will be placed in the hands of postmasters to stamps will be placed in the hands of postmasters to supply the demands caused by the reduction of the letter rate of postage on October I. The Departments has not a sufficient number of clerks at present to under-take the redemption of the three-cent stamps now out-standing, and it is probable that the matter will award Congressional action.

A CLAIM BY THE STATE OF ILLINOIS. WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 .- The State of Illinois claims 5 per cent of the casa value of lands located by military land warrants in the State, and in April pro

MANY WRECKS AT SEA.

RESULTS OF FOGS AND STORMS. STRANSHIPS LOST AND DISABLED-THE FISHING FLEET-VESSELS ABANDONED.

The Cromwell Line steamer Canima, which asiled from New-York for Halifax and St. John's, N. F., on August 30, was wrecked yesterday on an island at the mouth of St. Mary's Bay. The vessel soon sank, and the passengers and crew-sixty in numberwere saved with difficulty. Fishing ves-sels arriving at St. John's report many lost in the recent storms; the French fleet suffered severely. The wreck at Indian Harbor is supposed to be that of the steamer Ludwig, which left Antwerp on July 2 for Quebec. The steamer Lamport, from Baltimore for London, had an unfortunate experience in the recent storm and put into Halifax

A CROMWELL LINE STEAMER GOES DOWN. THE CANIMA A TOTAL WRECK-THE PASSENGERS AND CREW SAVED.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 6.—The Cromwell Line steamer Canima, Captain Farquhar, from New-Tork August 30 for Halifax, became a total wreck this morning. She struck on Gull Island, at the mouth of St. Mary's Bay, and sank almost immedistely. The passengers and crew, sixty in all, got ashore safely. The schooner Thistle has been dispatched to the scene of the wreck to render assist-

Evening .- The latest from Trepassey by wire says the Canima struck this morning in a dense fog. There was a heavy sea running and the passengers and crew had to leap for their lives, saving nothing. The ship sank without giving time to procure provisions. Captain Farquhar exhibited great skill and coolness in his management, and the safely of the lives of the passengers and crew is due to him.

The steamer Cabot has just been despatched to St. Mary's Bay to bring down the St. John's passengers and crew of the Canima,

The Canima was an iron screw steamer of 546 tons, and was built in Glasgow in 1863. Size was schooner-rigged and double-decked. She had two compound engines and two boilers. The place where she went ashore is one of the most dangerous on the coast of Newfoundland. The steamer was evidently trying to make Cape Race and got too far to the westward. Northwest of the scene of the wreck is St. Mary's Bay where, in 1862, 100 fishing vessels went down at once, and to the castward is Cape Race, a place of frequent shipwreck and disaster.

THE LOSS OF LIFE ON THE BANKS. been severely damaged. She reports having lost

The banker Marie Emile is reported as having gone down, with all on board, while lying at anchor on the Great Bank.

The schooners of the French banking fleet that were disabled on the Island of Miquelon during the storm of Thursday are slowly arriving. Since the 4th inst. twenty-one more cases of loss of life on the banks have been reported. All the French fishermen that have arrived report a large number of dismasted vessels outside.

Evening .- The last arrival in St. Pierre Roads from the Banks accounts for another batch of fiftyfour lives lost out of another section of the French Banking fleet. One Dieppe vessel alone lost twelve men. The brig Gabriel, also a Dieppe vessel, rode out the two storms of Sunday and Thursday, but had both masts carried away and decks swept of everything. The fate of the crew is unknown, but it is reported they were taken off after

the gale subsided.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Sept. 6.—The schooner Hyperion arrived from a bank trip this afternoon. She reports the loss of two dories, with four of her crew, in the storm on Sunday, August 26. All the lost fishermen were natives of Cape Breton.

THE WRECK AT INDIAN HARBOR.

MONTREAL, Sept. 6 .- The steamship ashore near Indian Harbor, N. S., is supposed by the agent of White Cross Line to be the missing

The Ludwig sailed from Antwerp for Quebec on July 2. under the command of Captain Kiel. She carried a crew of thirty officers and men and had twenty-eight immigrants on board. Originally the Ludwig was the Hansa. The steamer was built for the North German Iloyds in 1861 and sailed from New-York up to 1878 or that line. She was then sold to an English firm and

A STEAMER TOSSED IN THE STORM. FEARFUL EXPERIENCE OF THE LAMPORT, FROM BAL

TIMORE FOR LONDON. HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 6.—The steamer Lampert, Captain Cross, from Baltimore for London with a cargo of cattle, grain, lumber and general merchandisc,

put in here in distress this morning, having had her chinery disabled in last week's stormy weather. The officers of the yessel report having had a terrible exce. The Lamport sailed from Baltimore on Friday, August 24, and met with fair weather until the following Wednesday, when stormy weather set inincreasing in fury as the day advanced.

er was frequently swept by seas of great teight and of fearful power. After dark the storm grew still worse, the wind blowing with terrific violence an the sea rising still higher, threatening every moment to swamp the steamer. At 11 p.m. the storm was at its beight, and from toat nour until daylight the vessel was almost at the mercy of the elements. Great seas swept ever the decks, carrying away 130 out of 170 cattle which were on board, and badly injuring a number of the crew. Second Officer Jones bis collar-bone broken. William Moran, who had charge of the cattle, describes the scenes sed during the night as terrible. The waves were ous in size, sweeping over the ship. They would lift a great portion of the cattle pens crests and hold them for a moment above, and then hur. them with their living contents with awful violence to the deck. The next wave would carry off the bleeding and dying animals in the twinking of an eye. The livestock went over the side of the ship by the dozens, and by morning all that remained numbered forty, of which four have since died, leaving only thirty-six out of 170 le taken out of Baltimore only two weeks ago. The cattle were shipped by F. R. Lingham & Co., of Boston, and were in time condition when the Lamport sailed.

During the storm all the steamer's boats were, either carried away or disabled; the cabin sky-light was stove in and the cabin flooded with water; a portion of the bulwarks and part of the poop wheel was carried away and other damage was sustained. On Thursday mornhig the storm abated somewhat, but the wind was still rong, and the heavy sea made the vessel roll and pitch est as much as during the preceding night. Between 8 and 9 o'clock the engines broke down. The steamer about 300 miles southeast
A sail had to be rigged, and she was headed for this port, but little progress was made. On Thursday afternoon the water, which had all day been pouring over the vessel, got into the stoke-hold and put out the fires by which a steam pump had been run, but tae ship kept clear until temporary repairs in the machinery had been made. On Monday, four days after the engines broke down, they were started again, and all possible speed was made toward Halifax.

The Lamport will probably be detained here for some days, as, besides the accident to her machinery and her other damages, her cargo mas shifted and a portion of it will have to be discharged and re-stowed. The steamer is built of iron and is of 1,573 tons register. She was launched at Wallsend last year, and is owned by Arthur Holland, of London.

VESSELS LOST AND ABANDONED.

LONDON, Sept. 6.-The British bark Carnotic, Captain McPhail, from Tal-Wan-Foo, May 21, for New-York or Montreal, has foundered. Her crew were saved, and have arrived at St. Heiena. German bark Kathinka, Captain Schutte, from

burg, August 23, for Port Royal, was abandoned in iking condition on the 2d inst. Her crew have led at Milford flavou. 87 JOHNS, Sept. 6.—The French bark Kermalo, with 9,000 quintals of coddsh, from St. Pierre, for France, has sunk, with all hands, at the entrance to the River Gironds.

The schooner Lizzie, Captain Tobin, stranded to-day on the west side of Miqueion.

The French bark Horteuse is a total wreck at Sables d'Olonne. Her er w were saved.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN NEWS.

ENGLAND AND THE MADAGASCAR AFFAIR. London, Sept. 6 .- The Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for War, speaking at Sheffield today, said it was a mistake to suppose that the arrest of Mr. Shaw by the French in Madagascar was sufficient ground for a quarrel with France, or that the release of Mr. Shaw removed all ground for offence. The Government, he said, hoped that France would make a satisfactory explanation of the mat-ter. Nobody, he added, could suppose that any sane statesman in France desires to quarrel with Eng-land or any other powerful nation at the present

FRENCH AND SPANISH PRETENDERS.

Paris, Sept 6 .- The Union (Legitimist) to-day publishes a note recognizing the Comte de Paris as

chief of the House of Bourbon in France. VENICE, Sept 6 .- Don Carlos, the Spanish pre tender, is now here. French royalists have abstained from visiting him. He has written to the leader of the Legitimists in Spain declaring that he belongs to Spain alone and will belong to her always.

KING ALFONSO IN PARIS.

PARIS, Sept. 6 .- King Alfonso and suite arrived here at 5.30 a. m. to-day. The King was received at the railway station by General Pittie, in behalf of President Grévy, and by the Duc de Fernan-Nuñez, the Spanish Ambassador here, and a large deputation of Spanish residents. He was visited to-day by the Comte de Paris and his son. The King took lunch with the Duc de Monpensier at Epinay, and afterward received M. Challemel-Lacour, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

HARMLESS EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

Berlin, Sept. 6.—There were several shocks of earthquake at Dusseldorf on Tuesday night, but no damage ensued.

Shocks were also felt on the Island of Ischia at the same time, which created some aiarm, but did

RIOTOUS WORKMEN NEAR VIENNA. VIENNA, Sept. 6.-Eight hundred workmen assembled in a suburb of this city to-day and engaged in rictous demonstrations. They refused to disperse, where-upon the mob was enarged by troops and soon scattered

THE SITUATION IN CROATIA.

AGRAM, Sept. 6.-Baron von Ramberg, the military commander, has entered upon the discharge of his duties as successor to the Ban of croatia. He has issued a proclamation declaring his task to be the restablishment of peace and the restoration of the official St. John's, N. F., Sept. 6.—The French banker
Augusta, which has just anchored in the roads, has sooner his task is effected the sooner will it be possible to make a satisfactory arrangement in regard to the question of printing official notices in the diorgarian anguage. The Baron warns the public against reports alleging that an attack is intended on the language, nationality and rights of the Croatian people.

PROVISIONS OF THE DEAD COMTE'S WILL PARIS, Sept. 6 .- The Clairon announces that the will of the Comte de Chambord gives 500,000 francs to the Societas de Propagan ia Fide; 100,000 france for the benefit of the poor of Paris, and 150,006 france to the convent at Goritz. The Coaste bequeatns a large portion of his fortune to the Duc de Paring and a smaller portion to the Comte de Baidi. He devises the income f the estate to his widow.

Viens, a, Sept. 6.—The Austrian Court will go into ten
ays' mourning for the late Count of Chambord.

A WAR AMONG THE ZULUS IMMINENT. DURBAN, Sept. 6 .- A correspondent who has nat returned from a tour through the heart of Zuinland reports that the natives are on the eve of a war of

ENGLISH SENTIMENT TOWARD IRELAND. LIMERICK, Sept. 6.-Richard O'Shaughnessy, who recently resigned his seat in Parliament, has is-sued a valedictory address to the electors of his district, in which he expresses his conviction that the masses of the English people are honestly auxious that Irish affairs should be regulated by Parliament with a careful and generous regard for the condition and necessities of Ireland.

LONDON, Sept. 6 .- The September meeting at Croydon opened to-day. The race for the Croydon Welter Handleap was won by J. R. Keene's three-yearwester Handicap was won by J. R. Keene's three-year-old coit Bolero. Mr. sylvester's three-year-old coit Protector was second and Ignatina third. There were four starters. The hotting at the start was 5 to 4 on Belero, 9 to 4 against Protector and 20 to 1 against Ignatina. Bolero led throughout and won by a length. Ignatius was a bad third.

Bolero is a bay colt by Bonnic Scotland out of Waltz He was bought by Mr. Keene at a public sale for \$8,000 when he was a yearling. He was taken to Engiand a year ago last June, but he did not win any races of im-portance as a two-year-old.

FOREIGN NOTES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 6 .- Mr. Wailace, the United States Minister here, has accepted the principle of the deense tax and consented to the enforcement of the law in regard thereto on conditions favorable to the Ports. LONDON, Sept. 6.—The steamer Britannic, which sailed rom Liverpool to-day for New-York, has among her passengers Signor Stagno, the tenor, and Signor Guadagnini, the baritone, who will join the Abbey Company in America.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 6 .- Sir Harry Parkes, the new British Minister to China, arrived here to-day and was cordially

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 6.-The Anchor Line steamer City of Rome, Captain Munro, from Liverpool, sailed hence for New-York at 11 a.m. to-day. She has on beard 480 saloon and 700 steerage passengers.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.-Herr Horwitz, a Secessionist, has been elected to the Reichstag from Torgan, a town of Prussian Sarony, by 4,000 majority. LONDON, Sept. 6 .- The correspondent of The Telegraph at Paris says a rumor is current that General Thibaudin, Minister of War, will resign his portfolio.

THE FAILURE OF PARKER & GANNETT.

THE ASSETS \$89,690 AND THE LIABILITIES \$98,626. Boston, Sept. 6 .- A meeting of the creditors of Parker & Gannett, dealers in agricultural implements was held in their store in this city to-day. Altred A. Parker, of the debtor firm, said his partner and brothe James O. Parker, who on July 2, absconded from his home in Williamsport, Penn., had previously stood good repute. The firm had done a large business, but in the summer it was found that additional capital would be needed, and he wrote to his brother, who replied that he knew where he could borrow \$15,000 in Williamsport. Whether this money was borrowed by James Parker is not known, but if it was, he took it away with him. Parker made a statement of the firm's condition, showing its liabilities to be \$98,626 and the assets \$89,690. It was then voted that the affairs of the firm be placed in the hands of a committee of the creditors. No offer of settlement was submitted to the meeting.

KILLED BY A CONSTABLE.

THE DEAD MAN'S FRIENDS ATTEMPT TO BURN THE OFFICER'S HOUSE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6 .- Martin Kaller, age thirtyone, was shot and killed by Constable Johnson at High-and Park last night. The constable fled after the shooting, and an attempt was made by the dead man's friends, who claim that the kiling was unprovoked, to burn his house. Johnson reappeared this morning suffering from kinfe wounds claimed to have been received by him walle attempting to arrest Kaller and some bolsterous companions.

THREE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 6 .- The house of John Everts, at Riverton, seven miles east of this city, was destroyed by fire to-day, and Mrs. Phosbs Hoyland, mother of Mrs. Everts, sixty-eight years old, and two children of Mrs. Everts, a boy age four years and a babe, were burned to death. Mrs. Everts was badly burned.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC PARTY.

LITTLE MISSOURI, Dak., Sept. 6 .- Leaving Biemarck one comes to the great bridge over the Mis-Bismarck one comes to the great bringe over the Missouri River after a trip of about two miles. It was built by ex-President Billings in 1881 and 1882, and is regarded as the best constructed failway bridge in the

To the westward the country began to be more hilly. Every town, no matter how small, extended a welcome to the travellers. The Bad Lands were reached a few miles sast of the Little Messouri River, where trains were stopped long enough for the visitors to take a short ride on ponies over the country.

A CONTEST OFER MRS. FISKE'S WILL.

PROFESSOR WILLARD FISKE'S ACTION AGAINST THE

EXECUTOR OF HIS WIFE'S ESTATE. ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 6 .- The Ithaca Journal this evening contains an account, five columns in length, of an effort to annul the will of the late Mrs. Willard Fiske (whereby Cornell University received \$1,500,000) at the instance of her husband, Professor Willard Fiske, ex-librarian of the University. Lieutenant-Governor Hill is his counsel. Samuel S. D. Holltday is counsel for the University, and ex-Judge Countryman is counsel for Judge Boardman, the executor of the will. The nature of the present action is a motion to open the final accounting of the executor by which he had paid \$800,000 to the University, and to have him account for the money still in his hands. The ground on which the action is brought is a clause in the charter forbidding the University to hold property in excess of \$3,000,000. The University authorities refuse to outline their defence. A decree opening the final accounting by consent of ex-Judge Boardman and the University authorities was made to-day at the hearing in the Surrogate's Court. The issue involves the title to the Fiske mansion on University Hill and other property in addition to the personal estate. Professor Fiske is now in Florence, Italy. President White intended leaving Southampton, England, for Ithaca yesterday. Mr. Boardman embodies the following agreement in his affidavit replying to the retition of Professor Fiske for the reopening:

the retition of Professor Fiske for the reopening:

Lagarion of the United States of America.

Berlin, July 13, 1880.

In consideration of the agreement of Jennie McGraw, of Itmaca, New-York, to marry me and oth r considerations, I do contract and agree that she shall have, possess, control and dispose of her property after our said marriage in the same manner and to as perfect and complete an extent as if she had remained single and unmarried.

married.
Witnesss my band and seal, the day and year aforesald,
Witness my band and seal, the day and year aforesald,

In the presence of
A. D. WHITE,
D. BOARDMAN.

The date is not yet agreed upon for the hearing on the reopened final accounting. The action of Professor Fiske is irreconcilable with his public address at the laying of the corner-stone of the Cornell-McGraw and McGraw-Fiske at the last

In his petition Professor Fiske gives the provisions of his wife's will, and says he received all of his \$300,000 legacy except \$16,234 88. He asserts that the estate exceeded \$2,500,000 in that the inventory made by the executor was grossly maccurate in fixing its value at \$1,741,990 58, and that the last account shows that the executor has already received \$2,067,683 33. He then calls attention to the provision of the charter of Cornell university prohibiting it from holding property exceeding \$3,000,000 in value. The university already holds an amount of property exceeding \$3,000,000 in value, and it is legally incapable of taking anything under his wifes will. He is advised that he is legally entitled, as the husband, to that portion of the estate which the University is incapable of receiving. He prays that the order on the final settlement be opened, vacated and set aside; that he may be permitted to appear and be heard on such settlement in reference to the order of decree to be made theron, and that it may be adjudged and decreed that the petitioner is entitled to that portion of the estate of the decreased which cannot be held or taken by Corneil University on account of limitations or restrictions contained in its charter, and that, if for any reason the last mentioned relief be not granted, it be decreed and adjudged that the politioner is entitled to the surplus of said estate after first deducting the debta theroof, and after payment of the specific bequests to persons, and after payment of one-half of the whole estate to the corporations and societie is used in the will, they being of the class mentioned in the act of 1860 aforesaid.

FRANK JAMES ACQUITTED. exceeding \$3,000,000 in value. The university al-

FRANK JAMES ACQUITTED.

THE VERDICT RECEIVED WITH GREAT FAVOR-HIS PROMISES FOR THE PUTURE.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. St. Louis, Sept. 6 .- This after the Frank James case came into the Galiatin Opera House and handed in their verdict. It was read, and the announcement not guilty created almost a panie among the audience, which made every demonstration within its power to show that it thought the verdict a just and good one. The defendant took the matter very quietly, and accepted the congratulations of his friends without evincing much emotion. His attorneys and wife came in for a share of the hand-shaking. Thedefendant was quite communicative after the verdict, and sat down and chatted please antly with his wife and friends. He spoke of the day that he left home to fight for his country, and then told of how the old war feeling died out, and he was forced to join the band of border ruffians to sustain his own life and that of his children. He said that all he asked now was to be given a chance to lead a quiet and honest life, and he promised to make the best of that chance if it were given him. James still remains in castody, as there are several other indictments pending against him in this State. There is not likely to be a successful prosecution, however, as in the Winston case the evidence was stronger than can be procured in any of the others. In his closing speech to the jury Prosecuting Attorney Wallace said the question was, is the arm of the law or the arm of a bandit the stronger in Missouri? "It is not wounded capital," he added "that calls upon you to redress its wrongs. It is a pool of the blood of labor, not capital, that cress aloud for jusice; it is the bleeding wounds of McMillan, the stonemisson, that speak. border ruffians to sustain his own life

A MEMORIAL TO CONGRESS FROM DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls, Dak., Sept. 6 .- At the Congithtional Convention yesterday, Bartlett Tripp, of Yankton, was elected president. He is a Democrat. A resolution was adopted to appoint a committee of fire to drait a memorial to the President and Congress asking for the immediate opening of the Sioux Reservation.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH. THE CONCORD POST OFFICE ROBBED.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 6.—The post office was robbed last night of \$809 in money, \$10.87 worth of stamps, books, papers and one registered letter. There is no clew to the burglars.

FATAL EXPLOSION OF A BOILER, LANCASTER, Penn., Sent. 6—The botter of a steam thresher on the farm of Abraham Overholtzer, in Dauphin County, a roloded yeaterday afternoon, kiling Smon Bris-ser, the "Bajmeer, and Jacob J. Kine, of Elizabethtown. INDICTED FOR MANSLAUGHTER.

MORRISOWN, Fenn., Sept. 6.—In the case of ames Gaffey, charged with beating Wm. A. J. Fiss, a private attent at the lunsile asylum here, and causing his death, the rand Jury to-day returned a true bill for manslaughter and garavated assault and battery. DROWNED WHILE ESCAPING ARREST.

LANCASTER, Penn., Sept. 6.—Samuel leters, age twenty-three, of Lebanon, was drowned yesterday afternoon in the Pennsylvania Canal at Shock's Mills, this county. The young man, with two companions, had been seeding a ride on the reliroad. In endeavoring to see appearance of the county of the same across the canal, Peters losing his file in the attempt.

AN ARIZONA DESPERADO CAPTURED. FLORENCE, Ariz., Sept. 6.—A. S. Harntei, one the desperadoes who rebbed the Riverside stage and killed express messenger on August 10, was captured vestered the aberlin. He will probably be tried by a citizen's jury. CARRYING OUT A THREAT TO KILL HIS WIFE. BURLINGTON, lows, Sept. 6.—Last night, near London, in this county, John Crone, a weathy citizen, cut and mortally wounded his wife. He had been arrested some time ago at her instigation for threatening to kill her.

ago at her instigation for threatening to thi her.

SHOT WHILE SERVING A WRIT.

DANVILLE, Va., Sept. 6.—Policeman J. C. Parks
was shot and dangerously wounded this evocume by John A.
Ferguson. Parks was trying to serve a warrant on the latter
on a charge of beating and threatening the life of a woman
with whom he had been living for some time and to whom he
had only recently been married.

TRYING TO COMMIT SUICIDE AS HIS FATHER
BID.

SAND HIJ N. Y. Sept. 6.—M. S. Teller, the

SANDY HILL, N. Y., Sept. 6.—M. S. Teller, the druggist at this place, she himself in the head last night. There are no hopes of his recovery. His father committed suicide over a year age with the same plate is and at about the same hour of the night, and in the same from.

THE WILL OF A WIPE DESERTER.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Information has been received here that Mahion Rose, who deserted his wife nine-teen years ago, died in itenoilul hast January, after living there eighteen years under an assumed name. He left an estate vained at \$75,000 to a Hawaiian woman and three lilegitmate children. His widow will attempt to have the will annulled.

FRANCE AND CHINA. \$5,000 damages, on account of injuries sustained in the disaster last May. READY TO UPHOLD THE HUE TREATY. THROUGH THE WHIRLPOOL RAPIDS. FRANCE REFUSES CHINA'S REQUEST TO WITH

LONDON, Sept. 6 .- A dispatch from Paris to the Exchange Telegraph Company says the Marquis Tseng, the Chinese Ambassador, has, under instructions from his Government, demanded the withdrawal of France from the Hué treaty. M. Ferry, the French Prime Minister, refused to comply with the demand, but assured the Marquis Tseng that France is willing o give China the necessary guar-antees for the integrity of her frontier.

PREPARATIONS FOR A CONFLICT. MASSING TROOPS AND COLLECTING SUPPLIES IN

CANTON-TALK OF A BLOCKADE. PARIS, Sept. 6 .- Admiral Meyer telegraphs from Hong Kong under date of to-day that no Chinese men-of-war have arrived there from the north. Three Chinese transports reached Pakoi a fortnight ago with 750 regulars, and 1.750 militia arrived at Canton on Saturday last on board a merchant steamer. Large quantities of supplies and provisions are being collected and stored at Canton.

LONDON, Sept. 6 .- The Times prints a dispatch from Hong Kong, which states that advices received there from Haiphong announce that the French Admiral will blockade the ports of Canton and Pakoi, unless the Uninese troops are withdrawn from the Tonquin frontier.

It is stated that Chinese merchants are leaving Canton because their letters are opened, and they distrust the Canton mandarins.

A large number of Chinese, who have been employed on board French vessels, have deserted, and captains find great difficulty in obtaining hands.

A CONFIDENT FEELING IN CHINA. FEARS OF OUTBREAKS IN THE EMPIRE-WHAT THE

PEOPLE AND THE NEWSPAPERS SAY. LONDON, Sept. 6 .- A private letter from Pekin says that Libung Chang is really in favor of a peaceable solution of the difficulty with France, while the intriguers, who surround the court are the conservative members of the government, expresses the opinion that war will be the signal for a number of outbreaks in the Empire. The Empress is reported to be even fearful for the permanence of the dynasty, and is inclined to favor such meas ures as shall secure peace.

The Standard's Hong Kong dispatch says the people of China seem to have little fear of the result of a war with France, and believe that with their new armanents and the vastly improved discipline of their forces the nation is far better able to cope with a foreign enemy now than it was in the war of 1860. A Chinese paper urges that immediate action be taken to prevent the annexation by the French of any portion of the Chinese territory, and expresses indignation that such an attempt should have been made at a time when China was at peace with France.

VIEWS OF THE LONDON TIMES. PROBABLE EFFECTS OF A WAR-INTERESTS OF

DIFFERENT POWERS. LONDON, Sept. 6 .- The Times, in an editorial today, says that France is steadily drifting into a war with China. The latter is vulnerable only in those ports which occupy a quasi-international position, and any blow struck there would be feit throughout Europe. The shock to English trade to the East Indies would be most disastrous, and the relations between England and France would be seriously embittered thereby. A dislocation of the cotton trade would put out of employment thousands of operatives in the Lancashire factories and the revenue to the British Crown from India would show a serious deficit. The Times points out that in the event of war the Americans. Germans, Japanese, and even the Chinese themselves would secure more of the foreign and coasting trade in the Eact than the French.

Waidmayer, sge ninete n, and Miss Amelia Weaver, ago twenty-one, both of Pallacelphia, were in this city yeswas drowned, and Miss Woaver lost her life trying to save her companion. They were accompanied by Miss Martha Nieder, of Brooklyn. Their bodies have been recovered and sent to Philadelphia.

THE WANDERING PRIZE-FIGHTERS.

MITCHELL IN MISSOURI AND SLADE IN CHICAGO-

MADDEN'S MESSAGE TO BICE. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 6.-Madden and Mitcaell were nere last night. Madden telegraphed to Rice, the manager for Slade, that unless a reply is received here by Monday morning accepting his proposal to fight in Mexico, he and Mitchell will return to New-York and the fight will be declared off forever. Madden and Mitchell decline to go to Chicago, arguing that the matter can be as well arranged by telegraph.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Mace, Siade, and other members of the puglishin party arrived ner thus morning, but they cannot state whether the fight between slade and Mitchell will take place. From the tone of their conversation it is inferred that the backers of the Englishman are unwilling to have him meet the Maori. served here by Monday morning accepting his proposal

MORE FRAUDS IN PHILADELPHIA.

DEFICIENCIES DISCOVERED IN THE GAS OFFICE ACCOUNTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.—It is stated by trusces of the Gas Works that deficiencies have been discovered in the accounts of that office, and that the defalcation may extend to \$150,000. The investigation has been in may extend to \$150,000. The investigation has been in progress for some time past, and startling revelations are promised. The frauds are said to have been discovered in the suspense account, which is made up of the bills of consumers that have not been paid but are held for future action. The examination has not been concluded, and the trustees have declined to give particulars, although they admit the correctness of the report.

SUICIDE OF A LIGHTHOUSE KEEPER.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Sept. 6.-John E. ohnson, keeper of the Great Bed Lighthouse, opposite this place in Raritan Bay, committed suicide by dr ing on Monday He left his home at South Amboy for the light about 5 o'clock in the afterneon. Not being seen the next day a search was instituted and the booy was found Wednesday at the foot of the stairs leading to the landing. A bag of sand weighing 150 pounds was found hanging from his neck.

CADET CANDIDATES WHO PASSED.

Annapolis, Sept. 6.-The following additional candidates passed examinations successfully as naval cadets: E. C. Hudson, Arkansas; F. W. Hibbs, naval cadets: E. C. Hudbor, Arkansas; F. W. Hill Minnesota; George W. Eyre, Pennsylvania; John Martin, New-York: A. L. Porter, Maryland; L. Young, Louisiana; A. Straut, Pennsylvania; E. J. Taulaferro, Fexas; G. H. Burrage, Massacausetts; V. T. Hollis, Massachusetts; C. T. Paillips, Tennessec.

SUEING THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE COMPANY.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 6.-A lawyer of this city has commenced a suit against the Brooklyn

A BOAT'S SUCCESSFUL TRIP. THE EXPERIMENT AT NIAGARA FALLS-A GREAT CROWD OF SPECTATORS. BY TRESGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. NIAGARA FALLS, Sept. 6 .- The boat which built here a few days ago for an experimental trip through the Whirlpool Rapids was

about 50,000 spectators, excursion parties having come The affair had the characteristics of a money-making scheme, the vessel having been purchased by a Lockport company and covered with advertisements.

This did not prevent the public from turning out, however. The craft was built from an oid scow, and was made to resemble the original Maid of the Mist. The work upon it was strongly done.
When decorated with flags and evergreens she
made a good appearance. Her length over
all is fifty-two feet, her beam sixteen and her hold eight. She has a tall smoke stack and two masts. A green rail encircles the deck, on the forepart of which is the wheel-house. A figure dressed like a sailor stood at the

sent on her perilous journey this afternoon. There were

old Maid of the Mist landing one and one-fourth miles above the whiripool. Charles Wiedeman, who was associated with Captain Webb, was "master of e-remonies." Some difficulty was experienced in giving her a start. Before getting into the current sha came into collision with a rock on the American side and came into collision with a rock on the American such and lost a couple of boards above the waterline After getting headed down stream the jaunty craft soon attained an astonishing rate of speed. She passed under the old railway suspension bridge in good style, but was whirled stern foremost soon afterward on a tremendous wave. Several revolutions were made before the maeistrom was reached, but never for a moment while in the rapids did the vessel seem in danger of going to pieces or in danger of being

the whirlpool. On entering two revoluboat shot swiftly to the Canada side, going so far as to be out of the power of the circling waves. It looked for a time as if the vessel would be kept hedged m by the maelstrom. Her revolutions were slow and she was in sight of the multitude all the time. The water dashed and routed and w irled, seemingly with fury enough to destroy any object coming within the dreadful circle. Finally a number of venturesome spectators climbed down the ledge of rock on the Canada side and by means of poles pushed the boat off. Then she was taken into the chambels and literally hurled through the water to the open river beyond.

The open river beyond.

Yells and cheers broke from excited the crowd when the success of the experiment became apparent. The time occupied was there minutes, seventeen being contament in shooting the rapids and thirteen at the edge of the whiripool.

The vessel went rapidly with the current to Lewis-The vessel went rapidly with the current to Lewiston where she was boarded and examined.
She was found to be practically uninjured. Several
effigies were sent over the course after
her, some of which did not come out of the
wirtpool, while others made the trip in quick
time. A larger crowd has never been seen at Nisgara
Falls and the widest enthusiasm prevails this evening.
Several persons have volunteered to make the trip on
the boat, but the management gave an emphatic refusal in each case.

TRIAL OF THE ACCUSED NAVAL CADETS.

Annapolis, Sept. 6 .- The court martial took up the case of Cadet F. Moeller this atternoon, charged with making Cadet Galloway fish with his mouth for a penny in a basin of water; with imprisoning four cadets in a washroom, and with making Cadet Steper sing seamanship notes. He pleaded not guilty to the charge seamanship notes. He pleaded not guity to the charge and specifications. Cadet Galloway testified Mr. Cambeil made him get the coin from a wash how half-full of water with his mouth. Moeller was present, but he did not consider him as forming one of the party of hazers. Cadet Mediec testified that Moeller did not make him go through mock orill.

Can'et Rumsey, third class, was put under seven days solitary confinement today for attempting to haze Cadet Thomas P. Morgao, of the fourth class.

him to move the camp to a point influer raintyea the infected district if the quarantine authorities would permit it. He authorized him to inquire if the marine would be allowed to pass through the Gulf States in cast the should be decided to move them north. There ha not been a case of yellow if ever among the marines since

Boston, Sept. 6.-In 1873 Benjamin E. Bates, of Boston, made a conditional contract to give Bates College, of Lewiston, Me., \$100,000, provided \$100,000 College, of Lewiston, acceptance, this heirs claimed more was raised within five years. His heirs claimed that the condition was not fulfilled, and the trustees of the college brought suit to secure the amount. The full beans of the State Supreme Court has sustained the verdict of the lower court, which decided against the col-

THE ADVANCE IN COAL PRICES,

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6 .- A meeting of individual operators in the Schuylkill coal region has been held, at which it was resolved to adhere to the advance in the line and city and harbor prices recently established by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES. THE PITTSBURG EXHIBITION OPENED, PITTSBURG, Sept. 6.—1 h. seventh annual exposi-tion in this city was formally opened this afternoon at 2 clock. There are more exhibits in all the departments than

A CAR COMPANY CHARTERED. HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 6.—A charter has been issued to the Allison Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, with a capital of \$500,000. It will manufacture cars, tabing and castings. ASSIGNMENT OF A GROCER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—R. H. W. Reed. a grocer of this city, doing business at No. 1,216 F-st., has made an assignment to George C. Payne and Thomas J. Myers. His preferred creditors and the amounts due them are rifizabeth V. and homas J. Red., as indorsers, \$0,075, T. J. Reed. \$440 am 181.689; J. G. Payne, \$2,000, and estate of B, W. A SMALL PRICE FOR VALUABLE PROPERTY.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 6.—The property of the asolvent Augustinian Society, valued at \$335,000, has been old at auction for \$73,700. This sum is just sufficient to pay be mortgage and accumulated interest, leaving nothing for he depositors. DISCHARGED FOR WANT OF EVIDENCE. BOSTON, Sept. 6.—Frederick and Jolin Savage, the men alleged to have in some way caused, while drunk, the recent fire in Thatcher Court, whereby dwe persons tost their lives, were discharged to day, there being insufficient evidence to justify their retention.

SEARCHING FOR ELEANOR VAIL'S BODY.

SEARCHING FOR ELEANOR VAIL'S BODY.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sepl. 6.—Lewis D. Varl, the Philaneiphia law, er. has offered \$2,000 for the recovery of the body of ins daughter Eleanor, who was drowned with ner sister at Key Last a week go, and a diver has been scarching along the coast for several days.

NEW COMPANIES INCORPORATED.

ALBANY, Sept. 6.—The following companies were incorporated to day: The strong Scating and Filtering Company, of New York, capital \$500,000; us Green B. Raum of Marine Company, espital \$500,000, with Green B. Raum of Illinois, James Gibblian of sew York, and Corydon Karr et Buffalo, as directors: the Lubricant Manufacturing Company, of New York, capital \$500,000.

PAYING THE TAX ON STREET-CARS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—The city authorities have accepted the proposition of the city railway companies to compromise the tax due for the bash fwe years on a basis of \$20 on sech car, and \$44,000 has been paid to the city treasurer. The 'ax of \$50 on each car will be collected annually hereafter.

DAMAGE NEAR AYER AND READING-NO BUILDINGS BURNED. Boston, Mass., Sept. 6 .- A forest fire, which MISSISSIPPI CROPS INJURED. has already done considerable damage and threatens to JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 6.-Reports which have do more, is raging on the shores of Sandy Pond, lying be been received at the office of the State tween the towns of Ayer, Groton and Littleton. A num Commissioners of Agriculture show that the cotton and the corn crops of Mississippi ber of acres have been burned over. The fire is prevailing at present on the Ayer and Groton banks of the sippi are much injured by the unfavorable weather. The pend and is extending rapidly into Littleton. About decrease in the cotton crop as compared with last year 150 men are engaged in fighting it. The land burned amounts to 25 per cent, and in the corn crop to 15 per cent. With a favorable picking season this is a fair catinate. over was mostly covered with trees available for fireover was mostly covered with trees available for fire-wood and with undergrowth. No buildings have been burned as yet, but the lee-houses of Garc, Addison & Co. are menaced.

One hundred acres of valuable woodland have been burned over between Reading and Wilmington. A lot of out cord-wood worth \$1,000 has been destroyed. The fire is now spreading toward Tewksbury.

The fire near Ayer was started by the burning of some rubbish in a meadow and it burned several days before it was thought to be of any consequence. BATES COLLEGE SUFFERS A LOSS. NO LEGAL RIGHT TO A CONDITIONAL ENDOWMENT.